D: CNTM (CONNECT A PROGRAM TO A TIMER - LKM10)

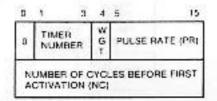
Calling Sequence

Entry Point: D:CNTM

A7: address of program name block.

A8: address of 2-word parameter block, which may be of one of the following two formats:

Standard Connection:



where

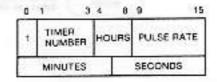
TIMER NUMBER is the timer to which the program specified via A7 must be connected.

PR is a value from 0 to 2047.

NC is a value from 0 to 32677.

Bit 4 is set to 0 by the system (calling level ≠ 48) and its use is reserved to the 'Wait for a given Time' module (D:WGT).

Absolute Time Connection:



where

PR is a value from 0 to 127.

The program specified via A7 is connected to the absolute time chain. At the time defined by the user (HH MM SS), it is started, disconnected from this chain and connected to the chain on the timer defined by the user in bits 1 to 3. This is managed by the M:DCK module.

Note: When PR=0, only one program activation takes place and the program is automatically disconnected from the timer. This is managed by the M:DCK module.

Work Areas and Tables

H:POIN Chain Pointer

When a connection is requested from D:CNTM, a 4-word block is automatically reserved in the dynamic allocation area. The format of such a block is as follows:

- Standard Connection

CHAINING LINK
NEGATIVE NC
POSITIVE PR
PROGRAM PCT ADDRES

After the first program activation, the block format is as follows (unless PR was 0, in which case automatic disconnection will follow):

CHAINING LINK	
POSITIEVE PR	
NEGATIVE PR	
PROGRAM FCT ADDRESS.	

where the third word contains the PR value as updated by M:DCK.

- Absolute Time Connection

C	HAINING LI	NK
T.N.	HOURS	PULSE RATE
MINUT	ES	SECONDS
PRO	GRAM PCT	ADDRESS

After the first program activation, this block is reinitialized in standard format.

- 'Wait for a Given Time' Connection

NEGATIVE NC
FFFF

Input/Output Files

None.

Functional Description

This request builds and initializes a timer block, to establish a link between a timer and the calling program. It is started by the LKM request, which activates D:RMAC if it is core resident or D:USV2 if the request handler is disc resident.

First, D:CNTM checks the type of request in order to set or reset the WGT flag in the two-word parameter block. Then program name and timer number are checked and a request is given for a four-word block in the dynamic allocation area via the M:DMA module. If an error is detected at this point, it is set in the A7 register. If not, a timer block is initialized and connected to the timer chain defined by the calling block (see Work Areas and Tables).

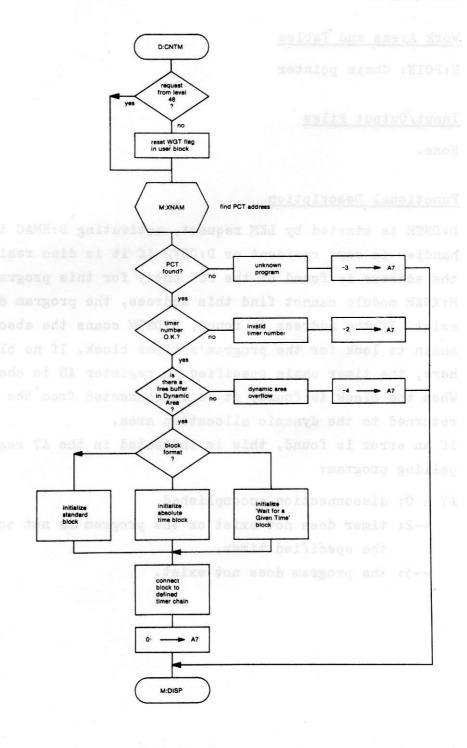
At the end of this process D:CNTM returns to D:RMAC or D:USV2 with the Status set. One of the following values is returned to the user in the A7 register: MANIA MORE MANAGER A SOMEONED MEMORIA

A7 = 0: connection accomplished.

=-2: timer does not exist.

=-3: request to an unknown program.

=-4: dynamic area overflow.



D: DNTM (DISCONNECT A PROGRAM FROM A TIMER - LKM11)

Calling Sequence

A7: address of program name block

A8: timer number.

Entry Point: D:DNTM

Work Areas and Tables

H:POIN: Chain pointer

Input/Output Files

None.

Functional Description

D:DNTM is started by LKM request, activating D:RMAC if the request handler is core resident or D:USV2 if it is disc resident. First, the address is found of the PCT entry for this program. If the M:XNAM module cannot find this address, the program does not exist. If the address is found, D:DNTM scans the absolute time chain to look for the program's timer block. If no block is found here, the timer chain specified in register A8 is checked. When the block is found, it is disconnected from the chain and returned to the dynamic allocation area.

If an error is found, this is indicated in the A7 register of the calling program:

- A7 = 0: disconnection accomplished
 - --2: timer does not exist or the program is not connected to the specified timer.
 - =-3: the program does not exist.

D:DNTM program yes mengory betavites lo 109 VAG Dyn gal Non M:DML ts belense et tecuper old? al mai bedorses al margorg o --- Ar First the PCT entry of the ac to neek the required program M:DISP

(This module, Drabox, is part of the Browve module and runs at

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M:ACT (ACTIVATE - LKM12)

Calling Sequence

- If request comes via an LKM interrupt:
 - A7: address of program name block of program to be activated.
 - A8: ECB address.
- If request comes from D:ASYS (i.e. a system request for activation):
 - A3: system parameter
 - A4: return address
 - A5: 0
 - A6: 0
 - A7: address of program name block of program to be activated.
 - A8: ECB address.
 - CF D:ASYS

Work Areas and Tables

PCT of activated program.

Save area of activated program.

Dynamic allocation area, if the activated program is active when this request is given.

Input/Output Files

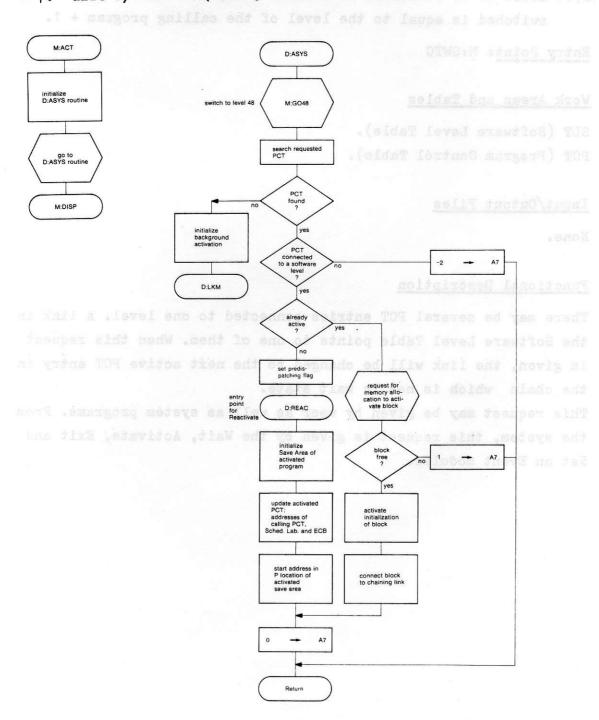
None.

Functional Description

This request is handled at level 48.

Pirst the PCT entry of the activated program is searched for in the PCT Pool. If no PCT is found, a specific module is activated to seek the required program on all the discs of this configuration (This module, D:ABCK, is part of the D:USV2 module and runs at level 49). If the PCT of the activated program is found, the Activate module initializes the corresponding save area if the program is not yet active and sets its status to active. If the program is already active, a request block is built and connected to the activated PCT (stacked Activate). At the end of the process a status is set in register A7:

- A7 = 0: activation accomplished.
 - =-2: called program has not been connected to a level
 - =-3: unknown program (set by D:ABCK)
 - =-4: dynamic area overflow
 - =-5: overflow of PCT Pool (set by D:ABCK)
 - =-6: overflow of Save Area (set by D:ABCK)
 - =-7: disc I/O error (set by D:ABCK)



M:SWTC (SWITCH INSIDE A SOFTWARE LEVEL - LKM13)

Calling Sequence

- A5: PCT address of calling program
- A6: Scheduled Label
- A7: Level to be switched. If this is zero, the level to be switched is equal to the level of the calling program + 1.

Entry Point: M:SWTC

Work Areas and Tables

SLT (Software Level Table). PCT (Program Control Table).

Input/Output Files

None.

Functional Description

There may be several PCT entries connected to one level. A link in the Software Level Table points to one of them. When this request is given, the link will be changed to the next active PCT entry in the chain which is not in wait state.

This request may be given by user as well as system programs. From the system, this request is given by the Wait, Activate, Exit and Set an Event modules. (ATTACH / DETACH A DEVICE TO/FROM A PROCESM - LEG 14 + 15

M:SWTC M:GO48 change level 'level to be switched zero yes requesting level + 1 compute PCT connected to this level yes set SLT-PCT link to next active PCT set predis-patching flag → A7 branch to dispatcher; Sched. Lab. parameters set. M:DISP

If the device is already attached to another program, the requesting program may, depending on the value of the Wait Elay in AT, be put into wait state (with reinitialization) until the device is deteched forresponding to the action to be taken, word 34 in the DWI (FCI entresponding to the action to be taken, word 34 in the DWI (FCI entresponding to the setion or set to /8000.

icts: The ASE is considered as 5 devices, so if the whole ASE is to be attached or detached, 3 requests must be given for the Itle codes corresponding to the ASE typewriter, ASE tape punch and

D:ATDT (ATTACH/DETACH A DEVICE TO/FROM A PROGRAM - LKM 14 + 15)

Calling Sequence

A5: PCT address of calling program

A6: Scheduled Label, if any

A7: Wait Flag (= 0: no wait; ≠ 0: wait)

A8: Address of ECB containing the related file code.

Entry Point: M:ATDV

Work Areas and Tables

FCT (File Code Table)

DWT (Device Work Table)

LFT (Logical File Table)

PCT (Program Control Table)

An 8-word block in Dynamic Allocation Area.

Input/Output Files

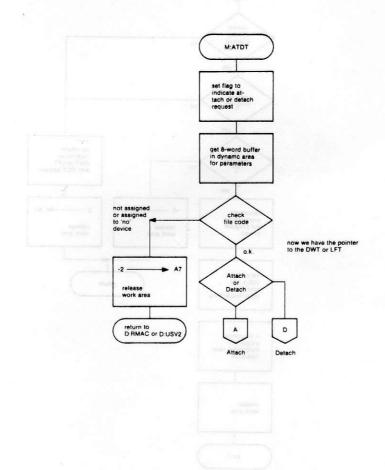
None.

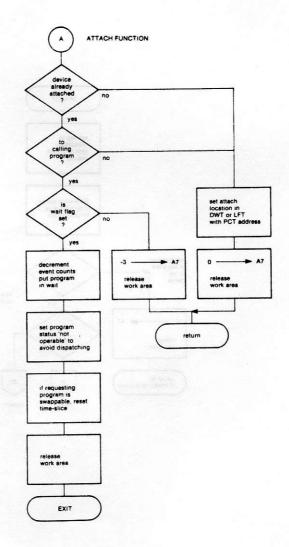
Functional Description

This module provides for attaching or detaching a device to or from a program.

If the device is already attached to another program, the requesting program may, depending on the value of the Wait Flag in A7, be put into wait state (with reinitialization) until the device is detached. Corresponding to the action to be taken, word 34 in the DWT (PCT address of program) is filled or set to /8000.

Note: The ASR is considered as 3 devices, so if the whole ASR is to be attached or detached, 3 requests must be given for the file codes corresponding to the ASR typewriter, ASR tape punch and ASR tape reader.





DISTIM (GET TIME - LEMIT)

Calling Sequence

ni newig of Illy smit the date and time will be given in

ASOId teen frow-d shi IIOSA

address of a 6-word block, containing date and time.

Entry Points D:GTTM

already attached no yes attached to calling program no yes update PCT (bit not operable) (wait location)

Telease work area

Telease work area

D:GTIM (GET TIME - LKM17)

Calling Sequence

A7: contains a binary flag.

If this flag is zero, the date and time will be given in ASCII in the 6-word user block.

If it is not zero, they will be given in binary.

A8: address of a 6-word block, containing date and time.

Entry Point: D:GTIM

Work Areas and Tables

The timer block is read.

Input/Output Files

None.

Functional Description

Depending on the value in the A7 register, a 6-word user block will be filled with a binary or ASCII value specifying the date and time (DD_MM_YY_HH_MM_SS).

MIRERY (SET AN EVENT - LEMIS)

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Abs Scheduled Label

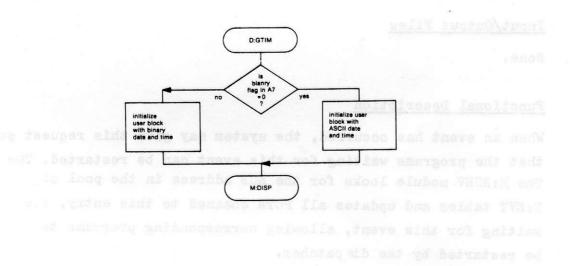
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Makey Points Makkaw

MISSEY (pointed to through UVISET and used by the read-only system progress)

Work Areas and Tables

TIGHT (Software Level Table),



M:RSEV (SET AN EVENT - LKM18)

Calling Sequence

A5: PCT address of calling program

A6: Scheduled Label

A8: Event Control Block address.

Entry Point: M:RSEV

M:SEEV (pointed to through CVTSET and used by the read-only system programs)

Work Areas and Tables

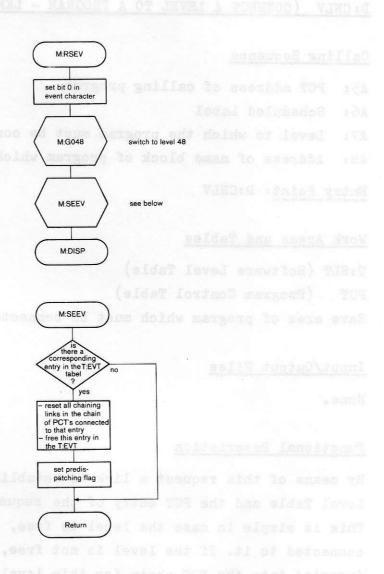
T:SLT (Software Level Table).
PCT (Program Control Table).

Input/Output Files

None.

Functional Description

When an event has occurred, the system may give this request so that the programs waiting for this event can be restarted. The The M:RSEV module looks for the ECB address in the pool of T:EVT tables and updates all PCTs chained to this entry, i.e waiting for this event, allowing corresponding programs to be restarted by the dispatcher.



D: CHLV (CONNECT A LEVEL TO A PROGRAM - LKM20)

Calling Sequence

A5: PCT address of calling program

A6: Scheduled Label

A7: Level to which the program must be connected.

A8: Address of name block of program which must be connected.

Entry Point: D:CNLV

Work Areas and Tables

T:SLT (Software Level Table)

PCT (Program Control Table)

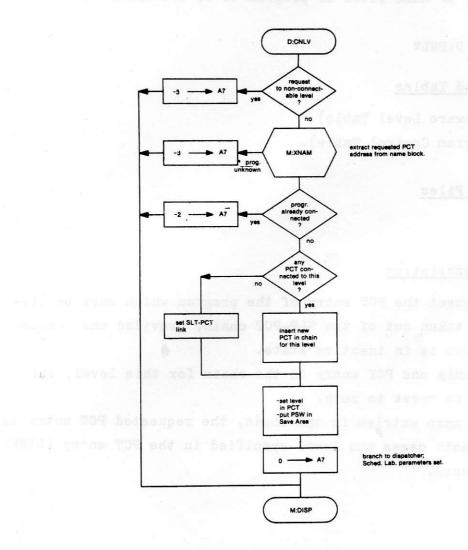
Save area of program which must be connected.

Input/Output Files

None.

Functional Description

By means of this request a link is established between the Software Level Table and the PCT entry of the requested program. This is simple in case the level is free, i.e. no PCT entry is yet connected to it. If the level is not free, the new PCT entry is inserted into the PCT chain for this level.



D:DNLV (DISCONNECT A PROGRAM FROM A LEVEL - LKM21)

Calling Sequence

A5: PCT address of calling program

A6: Scheduled Label

A7: Level which must be disconnected

A8: Address of name block of program to be disconnected.

Entry Point: D:DNLV

Work Areas and Tables

T:SLT (Software Level Table).

PCT (Program Control Table).

Input/Output Files

None.

Functional Description

With this request the PCT entry of the program which must be disconnected is taken out of the SLT-PCT chain, provided the corresponding program is in inactive state.

If there is only one PCT entry in the chain for this level, the SLT-PCT link is reset to zero.

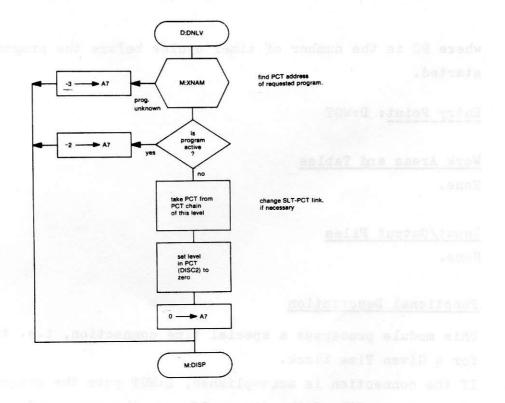
If there are more entries in the chain, the requested PCT entry is removed. In both cases the level specified in the PCT entry (DISK2), is reset to zero.

SINCT (WAIT FOR A CIVEN TIME - LEN22)

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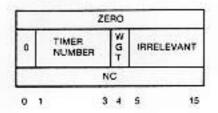


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D:WGT (WAIT FOR A GIVEN TIME - LKM22)

Calling Sequence

A8: address of an Event Control Block initialized as follows:



where NC is the number of timer cycles before the program is restarted.

Entry Point: D:WGT

Work Areas and Tables

None.

Input/Output Files

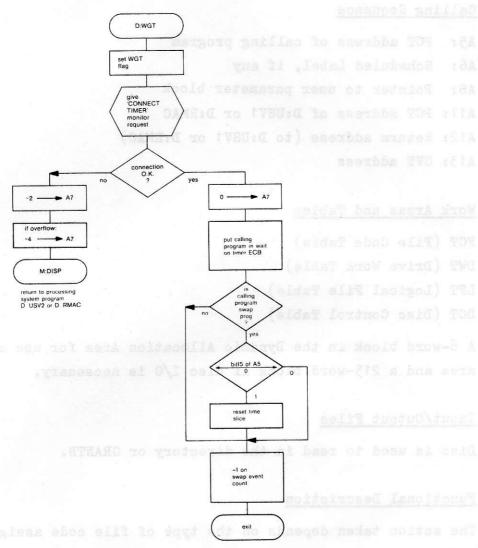
None.

Functional Description

This module processes a special time connection, 1.e. to a Wait for a Given Time block.

If the connection is accomplished, D:WGT puts the program in wait state on the ECB of the timer. If not, the error code -4 is set in the A7 register and control is returned to the dispatcher. The user program is restarted by the M:DCK4 module after a number of cycles of a specified timer, as defined in a block pointed to by the A8 register. At the same time, the program is disconnected from the timer.

ASSECT A FILE CODE - MINES



for physical devices, the Device Work Table is updated

for disc temporary files, the File Code Table is updated, any

for estalogued files the LFT address is set in the File Code

for equalizing file codes, the File Code Table is updated in a line as discological file. ASONT in LAT is incremented as well:

On return, registers A5, A6, A11 and A15 are not destroyed and A7 will contain the status of the operation.